

ERM Frameworks and Models

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1. COSO ERM Framework

- Developed by the Committee of Sponsoring Organizations; widely used framework organizing ERM around governance, strategy, performance, review, and information/communication.

2. ISO 31000

- An international risk management standard providing principles and generic guidelines applicable across industries and organization types.

3. Key Components Common to Most Frameworks

- Risk governance structure, risk appetite/tolerance definition, risk identification and assessment processes, and monitoring/reporting mechanisms.

4. Risk Appetite vs. Risk Tolerance

- **Risk appetite:** the broad level of risk an organization is willing to accept in pursuit of its objectives.
- **Risk tolerance:** the specific, measurable boundaries within that appetite for individual risk types.

5. Choosing a Framework

- Organizations select or adapt a framework based on industry requirements, regulatory expectations, and organizational complexity.

6. Why Frameworks Matter

- A structured framework ensures ERM is applied consistently across the organization rather than ad hoc, making it auditable and comparable over time.