

Regional Integration and Cooperation

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1. Definition

- The process by which neighboring countries coordinate policies and reduce barriers to trade, movement, and cooperation.

2. Forms of Integration

- **Free trade areas:** reduced tariffs between members.
- **Customs unions:** common external tariff plus free internal trade.
- **Common markets:** free movement of goods, services, capital, and labor.
- **Political/monetary unions:** shared currency or political institutions (e.g., the EU).

3. Benefits of Regional Integration

- Larger combined markets, economies of scale, improved bargaining power globally, and shared infrastructure investment.

4. Challenges to Integration

- Unequal benefits between member states, sovereignty concerns, and differing national priorities can slow or derail integration efforts.

5. African Examples

- The East African Community and the African Continental Free Trade Area (AfCFTA) represent major regional integration efforts aiming to boost intra-African trade.